# **VIDYASAGAR UNIVERSITY**



# Curriculum for 3 -Year B Sc (HONOURS) in

Botany

Under Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) w.e.f 2017-2018

# **SEM-V HONS**

# CC-11: Reproductive Biology of Angiosperms Credits 06

# C11T: Reproductive Biology of Angiosperms Credits 04

# **Course Contents:**

# **Unit 1: Introduction**

History (contributions of G.B. Amici, W. Hofmeister, E. Strasburger, S.G. Nawaschin, P. Maheshwari, B.M. Johri, W.A. Jensen, J. Heslop-Harrison) and scope.

# **Unit 2: Reproductive development**

Induction of flowering; flower as a modified determinate shoot. Flower development: genetic and molecular aspects.

# Unit 3: Anther and pollen biology

Anther wall: Structure and functions, microsporogenesis, callose deposition and its significance. Microgametogenesis; Pollen wall structure, MGU (Male Germ Unit) structure, NPC system; Palynology and scope (a brief account); Pollen wall proteins; Pollen viability, storage and germination; Abnormal features: Pseudomonads, polyads, massulae, pollinia.

# Unit 4: Ovule

Structure; Types; Special structures–endothelium, obturator, aril, caruncle and hypostase; Female Gametophyte – megasporogenesis (monosporic, bisporic and tetrasporic) and megagametogenesis (details of *Polygonum* type); Organization and ultrastructure of mature embryo sac.

# Unit 4: Pollination and fertilization

Pollination types and significance; adaptations; structure of stigma and style; path of pollen tube in pistil; double fertilization.

#### **Unit 5: Self incompatibility**

Basic concepts (interspecific, intraspecific, homomorphic, heteromorphic, GSI and SSI); Methods to overcome self- incompatibility: mixed pollination, bud pollination, stub pollination; Intra- ovarian and *in vitro* pollination; Modification of stigma surface, parasexual hybridization; Cybrids, *in vitro* fertilization.

#### Unit 6: Embryo, Endosperm and Seed

Structure and types; General pattern of development of dicot and monocot embryo and endosperm; Suspensor: structure and functions; Embryo-endosperm relationship; Nutrition

of embryo; Unusual features; Embryo development in *Paeonia*. Seed structure, importance and dispersal mechanisms

# Units 7: Polyembryony and apomixis

Introduction; Classification; Causes and applications.

#### C11P: Reproductive Biology of Angiosperms Credits 02

#### Practical

1. Anther: Wall and its ontogeny; Tapetum (amoeboid and glandular); MMC, spore tetrads, uninucleate, bicelled and dehisced anther stages through slides/micrographs, male germ unit (MGU) through photographs and schematic representation.

2. Pollen grains: Fresh and acetolyzed showing ornamentation and aperture, psuedomonads, polyads, pollinia (slides/photographs,fresh material), ultrastructure of pollen wall(micrograph); Pollen viability: Tetrazolium test.germination: Calculation of percentage germination in different media using hanging drop method.

3. Ovule: Types-anatropous, orthotropous, amphitropous/campylotropous, circinotropous, unitegmic, bitegmic; Tenuinucellate and crassinucellate; Special structures: Endothelium, obturator, hypostase, caruncle and aril (permanent slides/specimens/photographs).

4. Female gametophyte through permanent slides/ photographs: Types, ultrastructure of mature egg apparatus.

5. Intra-ovarian pollination; Test tube pollination through photographs.

6. Endosperm: Dissections of developing seeds for endosperm with free-nuclear haustoria.

7. Embryogenesis: Study of development of dicot embryo through permanent slides; dissection of developing seeds for embryos at various developmental stages; Study of suspensor through electron micrographs.

# Suggested Readings:

➢ Bhojwani, S.S. and Bhatnagar, S.P. (2011). The Embryology of Angiosperms, Vikas Publishing House. Delhi. 5th edition.

Shivanna, K.R. (2003). Pollen Biology and Biotechnology. Oxford and IBH Publishing Co. Pvt. Ltd. Delhi.

- Raghavan, V. (2000). Developmental Biology of Flowering plants, Springer, Netherlands.
- ▶ Johri, B.M. 1 (1984). Embryology of Angiosperms, Springer-Verlag, Netherlands.

# **CC-12: Plant Physiology Credits 06**

# C12T: Plant Physiology Credits 04 Course Contents:

# Unit 1: Plant-water relations

Water Potential and its components, water absorption by roots, aquaporins, pathway of water movement, symplast, apoplast, transmembrane pathways, root pressure, guttation. Ascent of sap – cohesion-tension theory. Transpiration and factors affecting transpiration, antitranspirants, mechanism of stomatal movement.

# **Unit 2: Mineral nutrition**

Essential and beneficial elements, macro and micronutrients, methods of study and use of nutrient solutions, criteria for essentiality, mineral deficiency symptoms, roles of essential elements, chelating agents.

# Unit 3: Nutrient Uptake

Soil as a nutrient reservoir, transport of ions across cell membrane, passive absorption, electrochemical gradient, facilitated diffusion, active absorption, role of ATP, carrier systems, proton ATPase pump and ion flux, uniport, co-transport, symport, antiport.

# **Unit 4: Translocation in the phloem**

Experimental evidence in support of phloem as the site of sugar translocation. Pressure–Flow Model; Phloem loading and unloading; Source–sink relationship.

# **Unit 5: Plant growth regulators**

Discovery, chemical nature (basic structure), bioassay and physiological roles of Auxin, Gibberellins, Cytokinin, Abscisic acid, Ethylene, Brassinosteroids and Jasmonic acid.

# Unit 6: Physiology of flowering

Photoperiodism, flowering stimulus, florigen concept, vernalization, seed dormancy.

# Unit 7: Phytochrome, crytochromes and phototropins

Discovery, chemical nature, role in photomorphogenesis, low energy responses (LER) and high irradiance responses (HIR), mode of action.

# C12P: Plant Physiology Credits 02

#### Practical

1. Determination of osmotic potential of plant cell sap by plasmolytic method.

2. Determination of water potential of given tissue (potato tuber) by weight method.

3. Study of the effect of wind velocity and light on the rate of transpiration in excised twig/leaf.

4. Calculation of stomatal index and stomatal frequency from the two surfaces of leaves of a mesophyte and xerophyte.

5. To calculate the area of an open stoma and percentage of leaf area open through stomata in a mesophyte and xerophyte (both surfaces).

6. To study the phenomenon of seed germination (effect of light).

7. To study the effect of different concentrations of IAA on *Avena* coleoptile elongation (IAA Bioassay).

8. To study the induction of amylase activity in germinating barley grains.

# **Demonstration experiments**

- 1. To demonstrate suction due to transpiration.
- 2. Fruit ripening/Rooting from cuttings (Demonstration).
- 3. Bolting experiment/*Avena* coleptile bioassay (demonstration).

# **Suggested Readings:**

- Hopkins, W.G. and Huner, A. (2008). Introduction to Plant Physiology. John Wiley and Sons. U.S.A. 4th edition.
- Taiz, L., Zeiger, E., MØller, I.M. and Murphy, A (2015). Plant Physiology and Development. Sinauer Associates Inc. USA. 6th edition.
- Bajracharya D. (1999). Experiments in Plant Physiology-A Laboratory Manual. Narosa Publishing House, New Delhi.

# Discipline Specific Electives (DSE)

# DSE-1: Natural Resource Management Credits 06

# **DSE1T: Natural Resource Management Credits 04**

**Course Contents:** 

Unit- 1: Natural resources : Definition and types.

**Unit- 2: Sustainable utilization :** Concept, approaches (economic, ecological and socio-cultural). **Unit- 3: Land :** Utilization (agricultural, pastoral, horticultural, silvicultural); Soil degradation and management.

#### Unit- 4: Water

Fresh water (rivers, lakes, groundwater, aquifers, watershed); Marine; Estuarine; Wetlands; Threats and management strategies.

#### **Unit- 5: Biological Resources**

Biodiversity-definition and types; Significance; Threats; Management strategies; Bio-prospecting; IPR; CBD; National Biodiversity Action Plan).

#### Unit - 6: Forests

Definition, Cover and its significance (with special reference to India); Major and minor Forest products; Depletion; Management.

Unit- 7: Energy : Renewable and non-renewable sources of energy

# Unit- 8: Contemporary practices in resource management

EIA, GIS, Participatory Resource Appraisal, Ecological Footprint with emphasis on carbon footprint, Resource Accounting; Waste management.

# Unit- 9: National and international efforts in resource management and conservation

# **DSE-1P: Natural Resource Management Credits 02**

# Practical

- 1. Estimation of solid waste generated by a domestic system (biodegradable and nonbiodegradable) and its impact on land degradation.
- 2. Collection of data on forest cover of specific area.

Downloaded from Vidyasagar University by 117.248.150.77 on 13 February 2020 : 19:31:10; Copyright : Vidyasagar University http://www.vidyasagar.ac.in/Downloads/ShowPdf.aspx?file=/UG\_Syllabus\_CBCS\_FULL/BSC\_HONS/Botany\_Hons.pdf

3. Measurement of dominance of woody species by DBH (diameter at breast height) method.

4. Calculation and analysis of ecological footprint.

5. Ecological modeling.

# **Suggested Readings:**

Vasudevan, N. (2006). Essentials of Environmental Science. Narosa Publishing House, New Delhi.

Singh, J. S., Singh, S.P. and Gupta, S. (2006). Ecology, Environment and Resource Conservation. Anamaya Publications, New Delhi.

Rogers, P.P., Jalal, K.F. and Boyd, J.A. (2008). An Introduction to Sustainable Development. Prentice Hall of India Private Limited, New Delhi.

# Or

# DSE-1: Biostatistics Credits 06 DSE1T: Biostatistics Credits 04

# **Course Contents:**

# **Unit 1: Biostatistics**

Definition - statistical methods - basic principles. Variables - measurements, functions, limitations and uses of statistics.

# Unit 2: Collection of data primary and secondary

Types and methods of data collection procedures - merits and demerits. Classification - tabulation and presentation of data - sampling methods.

# Unit 3:Measures of central tendency

Mean, median, mode, geometric mean - merits & demerits. Measures of dispersion - range, standard deviation, mean deviation, quartile deviation - merits and demerits; Co- efficient of variations.

# **Unit 4: Correlation**

Types and methods of correlation, regression, simple regression equation, fitting prediction, similarities and dissimilarities of correlation and regression

# **Unit 5: Statistical inference**

Hypothesis - simple hypothesis - student 't' test - chi square test.

# **DSE1P: Biostatistics Credits 02**

Practical

1. Calculation of mean, standard deviation and standard error

- 2. Calculation of correlation coefficient values and finding out the probability
- 3. Calculation of 'F' value and finding out the probability value for the F value.

# **Suggested Readings**

Biostatistic, Danniel, W.W., 1987.New York, John Wiley Sons.

➢ An introduction to Biostatistics, 3rd edition, Sundarrao, P.S.S and Richards, J. Christian Medical College, Vellore

- Statistical Analysis of epidemiological data, Selvin, S., 1991. New York University Press. Statistics for Biology, Boston, Bishop, O.N. Houghton, Mifflin.
- > The Principles of scientific research, Freedman, P. New York, Pergamon Press.
- Statistics for Biologists, Campbell, R.C., 1998.Cambridge University Press.

# **DSE-2: Plant Breeding Credits 06**

# DSE2T: Plant Breeding Credits 04

# **Course Contents:**

# **Unit -1: Plant Breeding**

Introduction and objectives. Breeding systems: modes of reproduction in crop plants. Important achievements and undesirable consequences of plant breeding.

# **Unit -2: Methods of Crop improvement**

Introduction: Centres of origin and domestication of crop plants, plant genetic resources; Acclimatization; Selection methods: For self pollinated, cross pollinated and vegetatively

propagated plants; Hybridization: For self, cross and vegetatively propagated plants – Procedure, advantages and limitations.

#### Unit -3: Quantitative inheritance

Concept, mechanism, examples of inheritance of Kernel colour in wheat, Skin colour in human beings. Monogenic vs polygenic Inheritance.

# Unit - 4: Inbreeding depression and heterosis

History, genetic basis of inbreeding depression and heterosis : Applications.

#### **Unit - 5: Crop improvement and breeding**

Role of mutations; Polyploidy; Distant hybridization and role of biotechnology in crop improvement.

#### **DSE2P: Plant Breeding (Practical) Credits 02**

#### Practical

**1.** Identification of offspring's having parental genotypes and recombinant genotypes, based on combination of morphological attributes in a dihybrid cross.

2. Processes of emaculation –

a) By applying higher temperature,

b) By amputing anthers.

**3.** Determination of genetic inheritance of characters in monohybrid and dihybrid crosses by Chisquare test (including Mendelian ratios and the ratios of gene interactions e.g. Dominant Epistasis, Supplementary gene action, Polymeric Gene action, Complementary Gene action, Inhibitory Gene action and Duplicating Gene action.

4. Identification of fertile and sterile pollens with carmine stain and TTC test.

# **Suggested Readings:**

1. Singh, B.D. (2005). Plant Breeding: Principles and Methods. Kalyani Publishers. 7<sup>th</sup> edition.

2. Chaudhari, H.K. (1984). Elementary Principles of Plant Breeding. Oxford-IBH. 2<sup>nd</sup> edition.

3. Acquaah, G. (2007). Principles of Plant Genetics & Breeding. Blackwell Publishing.

# Or

# DSE-2: Stress Biology Credits 06

**DSE2T: Stress Biology Credits 04** 

**Course Contents:** 

Unit 1: Defining plant stress: Acclimation and adaptation.

**Unit 2: Environmental factors:** Water stress; Salinity stress, High light stress; Temperature stress; Hypersensitive reaction; Pathogenesis– related (PR) proteins; Systemic acquired resistance; Mediation of insect and disease resistance by jasmonates.

Unit 3: Stress sensing mechanisms in plants: Calcium modulation, Phospholipid signaling

Unit 4: Developmental and physiological mechanisms that protect plants against environmental stress: Adaptation in plants; Changes in root: shoot ratio; Aerenchyna development; Osmotic adjustment; Compatible solute production.

Unit 5: Reactive oxygen species–Production and scavenging mechanisms.

**DSE2P: Stress Biology Credits 02** 

Practical

1. Quantitative estimation of peroxidase activity in the seedlings in the absence and presence of salt stress.

2. Superoxide activity in seedlings in the absence and presence of salt stress.

3. Zymographic analysis of peroxidase.

- 4. Zymographic analysis of superoxide dismutase activity.
- 5. Quantitative estimation and zymographic analysis of catalase.
- 6. Quantitative estimation and zymographic analysis of glutathione reductase.
- 7. Estimation of superoxide anions.

# **Suggested Readings:**

➢ Hopkins, W.G. and Huner, A. (2008). Introduction to Plant Physiology. John Wiley and Sons. U.S.A. 4th edition.

Taiz, L., Zeiger, E., MØller, I.M. and Murphy, A (2015). Plant Physiology and Development. Sinauer Associates Inc. USA. 6th editio